

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/807,060	03/23/2004	Jonathan Maron	100202433-2 4057	
22879 7590 05/14/2007 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			EXAMINER	
			JOHNSON, JOHNESE T	
	AL PROPERTY ADM IS, CO 80527-2400	INISTRATION	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2166	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/807,060	MARON, JONATHAN			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Johnese Johnson	2166			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)🛛 🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Ma</u>	arch 2007.				
2a)⊠ ¹	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3) 🗌 🤞	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition	on of Claims					
4)🖾 (4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ (Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) 🔲 (8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
			. •			
		·				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa				
	No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

Art Unit: 2166

DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

- 1. In response to the Amendment filed on March 8, 2007, claims 1-20 are pending in this application.
- 2. The rejections made under 35 USC 112 second have been withdrawn.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 17, 19, and 20 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claims 17, 19, and 20 recite, "code for", which is intended use. Claims should be amended to recite, "code to". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

5. Claims 10 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The content of claims 10 and 17 are directed to software modules which are small sections of program code/software per se. Program code is also known as functional descriptive material (See In re Warmerdam, 33 F3d at 1360, 31 USPQ2d at

Application/Control Number: 10/807,060 Page 3

Art Unit: 2166

1759). The content is not structurally and functionally interrelated to a computer-readable medium thereby rendering it incapable of producing a useful, concrete and tangible result and is therefore, non-statutory. The claims should be amended to recite hardware in the body of the claims.

Claims 17-20 recite, "computer-readable medium that comprises executable instructions". According to Applicant's specification, paragraph [0027], lines 6-10, " The executable instructions or code may be obtained from a readable medium ... or communicated via a data signal from a communication medium". When nonfunctional descriptive material is recorded on some computer-readable medium, in a computer or on an electromagnetic carrier signal, it is not statutory since no requisite functionality is present to satisfy the practical application requirement. Merely claiming nonfunctional descriptive material, i.e., abstract ideas, stored in a computer-readable medium, in a computer, on an electromagnetic carrier signal does not make it statutory. The claims must be amended to recite, "computer-readable storage medium" to overcome the rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Art Unit: 2166

7. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Robertson et al. (US. PG. Pub. No. 2002/0174191).

As to claim 1, Robertson et al. disclose:

A method to provide a service in a controlled run-time environment, comprising:

- registering a proxy service in said controlled run-time environment wherein said proxy service implements an interface defined according to said controlled run-time environment configured to services operating in said controlled run-time environment to interoperate with said proxy service (see paragraph [0190], lines 1-2, and paragraph [0121], lines 6-11; wherein the controlled run-time environment is an EJB container);
- receiving service information by said proxy service from a local service executing in said controlled run-time environment via an interface method of said proxy service (see paragraph [0101], lines 18-29);
- communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy service (see paragraph [0195], lines 4-11);
- receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said communicating (see paragraph [0101], lines 20-29); and
- returning said processed information to said local service from said proxy service (see paragraph [0101], lines 20-29).

Art Unit: 2166

As to claims 2 and 18, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said proxy service is an object of a class that is instantiated by said controlled run-time environment (see paragraph [0017], lines 9-10).

As to claims 3 and 13, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said controlled run-time environment means instantiates said object in a partition (see paragraph [0336], lines 1-2) and only permits services operating in said partition to access said proxy service (see paragraph [0299]; wherein EJBs extend the attributes of Java thereby delivering access security).

As to claim 4, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said communicating service information comprises:

encapsulating said service information in an extensible mark-up language (XML) file (see paragraph [0196], lines 7-10; wherein information is encapsulated, and paragraph [0089], lines 9-13; wherein information can be in xml).

As to claims 5 and 14, Robertson et al. disclose:

security management means for exposing said proxy service only when said security management means determines access is permitted according to security parameters (see paragraph [0299]; wherein EJBs extend the attributes of Java thereby delivering access security, and paragraph [0295], lines 22-27).

Art Unit: 2166

As to claim 6, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said exposing comprises: determining user-level authorization from said security parameters (see paragraph [0295], lines 22-27; wherein the container manages access of multiple users).

As to claim 7, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said exposing comprises: determining process-level authorization from said security parameters (see paragraph [0295], lines 22-27; wherein the container manages control of transactions).

As to claims 8 and 15, Robertson et al. disclose:

further comprising: creating a log of access to said remote service (see paragraph [0295], lines 22-27 and paragraph [0121], line 11; wherein the invention can be implemented via WebSphere and WebSphere tracks EJB access via log).

As to claims 9 and 16, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said communicating said service information comprises: performing a remote procedure call (see paragraph [00135] – performs RMI).

As to claim 10, Robertson et al. disclose:

A system to provide a modular software service, comprising:

controlled run-time environment means for managing processes (see paragraph [0295],

Art Unit: 2166

line 1-8);

service registry means for registering services operating in said controlled run-time environment means, wherein at least one registered service is a proxy service means (see paragraph [0190], lines 1-2);

said proxy service means (see paragraph [0190], line 1) implementing an interface defined according to said controlled run-time environment means for enabling services operating in said controlled run-time environment means to interoperate with said proxy service means, said proxy service means comprising:

means for receiving service information by said proxy service means from a local service executing in said controlled run-time environment means (see paragraph [0101, lines 18-29);

means for communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy service means (see paragraph [0195], lines 4-11);

means for receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said communicated service information (see paragraph [0101], lines 20-29); and

means for returning said processed information to said local service (see paragraph [0101], lines 20-29).

As to claims 11 and 19, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said proxy service means further comprises:

means for verifying said service information that is operable before said means

Art Unit: 2166

for communicating (see paragraph [0121], lines 6-11, and paragraph [0190], lines 1-5).

As to claims 12 and 20, Robertson et al. disclose:

wherein said proxy service means further comprises:

means for communicating with a distributed service registry to identify said remote service (see paragraph [0142]).

As to claim 17, Robertson et al. disclose:

A computer-readable medium that comprises executable instructions for providing a service in a controlled run-time environment, said executable instructions comprising (see Abstract, lines 2-3; wherein code used to implement the system in accessed via computer readable media):

code for registering a proxy service in said controlled run-time environment wherein said proxy service implements an interface defined according to said controlled run-time environment to enable services operating in said controlled run-time environment to interoperate with said service (see paragraph [0190], lines 1-2, and paragraph [0121], lines 6-11; wherein the controlled run-time environment is an EJB container):

code for receiving service information by said proxy service from a local service executing in said controlled run-time environment via a method of said proxy service (see paragraph [0101], lines 18-29);

code for communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy

Art Unit: 2166

service (see paragraph [0195], lines 4-11);

code for receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said communicating (see paragraph [0101], lines 20-29); and code for returning said processed information to said local service from said proxy service (see paragraph [0101], lines 20-29).

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed March 8, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments that, in claim 1, Robertson et al. does not disclose "receiving service information by said proxy service" is acknowledged but not persuasive.

Robertson et al. disclose "receiving service information by said proxy service" (see paragraph [0101], lines 18-29; wherein the CORBA client receives information at run time from the CORBA object via the ORB proxy).

With respect to claim 10, applicant's arguments that, Robertson et al. does not disclose "means for receiving service information by said proxy service means from a local service executing in said run-time environment means" is acknowledged but not persuasive.

Robertson et al. disclose "means for receiving service information by said proxy service means from a local service executing in said run-time environment means" (see

Art Unit: 2166

paragraph [0101], lines 18-29; wherein the CORBA client receives information at run time from the CORBA object (in which the ORB provides a proxy object in the client's address space which creates the illusion that Corba object is a local service or process) via the ORB proxy).

With respect to claim 17, applicant's arguments that, <u>Robertson et al.</u> does not disclose "code for receiving service information by said proxy service from a local service executing in said run-time environment via a method of said proxy service" is acknowledged but not persuasive.

Robertson et al. disclose "code for receiving service information by said proxy service from a local service executing in said run-time environment via a method of said proxy service" (see paragraph [0101], lines 22-25 wherein ORBs manage the interactions between client and object implementation. Client issues a request and invokes methods of object implementations).

9. The rejections made under 35 U.S.C. 101 with respect to claims 10 and 17-20 are maintained because Applicant did not correct the claims in the manner that the examiner suggested. Claim 10 must recite hardware in the body of the claims and claims 17-20 must recite "computer-readable storage medium" to over come the rejections.

Art Unit: 2166

Conclusion -

10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Johnese Johnson whose telephone number is 571-270-1097. The examiner can normally be reached on 4/5/9.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hosain Alam can be reached on 571-272-3978. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/807,060 Page 12

Art Unit: 2166

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

1 May 2007

JJ

HOSAIN ALAM CURERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER